AD-756 661

Drift Station Biclogy zooplankton taxonomy and sorting programs

University of Southern California

prepared for Office of Naval Research

JANUARY 1973

Distributed By:



UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

Department of Biological Sciences

FINAL REPORT

on

DRIFT STATION BIOLOGY:

Zooplankton Taxonomy and Sorting Programs

September, 1969-October, 1972



Prepared under contract with the Office of Naval Research N00014-67-A-0269-0013 NR 307-270

NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE
US Department of Commerce
Springfield VA 22151

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A
Approved for public release;
Distribution Unlimited

Reproduction in whole or in part is permitted for any purpose of the United States Government.

Principal Investigator:
Dr. H. R. Fernandez
Assistan' Professor of Biology
University of Southern California
Los Angeles, California 90007

Security Classification			
DOCUMENT CONT	POL DATA . R I	i D	
(Security classification of title, body of abstract and indexing			overall report in classified)
1 ORIGINATING ACTIVITY (Corporate author)		24. REPORT SE	CURITY CLASSIFICATION
University of Southern California		Uncla	ssified
Department of Biological Sciences	!	26. GROUP	
Los Angeles, California 90007			
3. REPORT TITLE			
Final Report on Drift Station Biolo	gy: Zoopl	ankton T	axonomy and
Sorting Programs.	-		_
4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES (Type of report and inclusive dates)			•
Final Report Sept. 1969-October 19 5. AUTHOR(5) (First name, middle initial, last name)	172		
			1
Hector R. Fernandez			
1			
. REPORT DATE	70. TOTAL NO. OF	PAGES	76. NO. OF REFS
January, 1973	1 4X 45		
88, CONTRACT OR GRANT NO.	Se. ORIGINATOR'S	REPORT NUM	DER(S)
N00014-67-A-0269-0013	Į		
b. PROJECT NO.	}		· ·
NR 307-270		- ::0:21 (A-m o	
с.	this report)	T NOISI (AID) G	ther numbers that may be assigned
d.			
10. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT	<u> </u>		
	1imitad		
Distribution of this document is	untimited.		•
	······································	-	
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES	12. SPONSORING A	IILITARY ACTI	VITY
į.	Office o	f Naval	Research
	-	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
13. ABSTRACT	<u> </u>		
The taxonomic studies of the USC	Arctic Pro	riect are	briefly summar-
ized. This report includes a des			
guides, the sorting program and s			
sorting program. This work has	two main of	iectives	s. first the iden-
sorting program. This work has	cwo marn or	Jecures	a detailed study
tification of Arctic zooplankton,			
of the biology of some of the org			
biochemical and physiological inv			
includes a list of stations and	of the orga	inisms id	dentified.

DD FORM 1473 (PAGE 1)

Unclassified
Security Classification

Security Classification

4. KEY WORDS	LIN	K A	LIN		t.IN	
	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT
]	
	1				1	j
Final Report, Drift Station Biology					1	1
rana notoral prace paneran progedi						1
Zooplankton Taxonomy and Sorting			<u> </u>			
Programs, USC.						
Programs, usc.					ĺ	1
						1
	ļ		į ,		Į	İ
	Ì					
			,			
	1	ł			ļ	•
		[
	j) }	İ			1
			'	1		1
	1	Ì]	1		
	1		1			ļ
	1	1	ì		1	
]]	1
	-					
						1
]	1				1
		1		1		1
						1
			[
		[l
	1					1
	1				1	
	-				}	l
] ;		1	l
	-		ļ			l
	-					į
						1
	[]		[
		Ì				
			[l
	1				}	
					}	
					[
				ı		
			. 1			

DD FORM 1473 (BACK)
(PAGE 2)

THE PARTY OF THE P

Unclassified

ìЬ

Security Classification

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA Department of Biological Sciences

FINAL REPORT

on

DRIFT STATION BIOLOGY

Zooplankton Taxonomy and Sorting Programs

September, 1969-October, 1972

Prepared under contract with the Office of Naval Research N00014-67-A-0269-0013 NR 307-270

Reproduction in whole or in part is permitted for any purpose of the United States Government.

Principal Investigator:
Dr. H. R. Fernandez
Assistant Professor of Biology
University of Southern California
Los Angeles, California 90007

Table of Cortents

Introducti	ion.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
Taxonomic	Gui	des	i .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2
Zooplankto	on S	ort	:ir	ıg	Pı	rog	gra	am																				
Samp.	ling	me	tt	100	ł.	•	•	•		•		•	•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•			•			6
Samp	_																											
Resu.	_	_				-																						
	Ver					_			_																			
		nne																•	-									8
	The				_					-						_				•	•	•		·		٠	•	_
		ist				-														11:	•							
		eli																										a
	Tax				_															•	•	•	•	•	•	^	•	,
			-	•																. د. :								^
		pec					_	_	_	_	_		-	•							-							
	On																			٠n	4	•	•	•	•	•		U
	Ann														-				_								_	_
	<u>h</u>	ype	rr	001	ce	us		in	t	he	C	en	tr	al	A	rc	ti	C (30	eax	J.	•	•	•	•	•	.1	.1
Contribut:	ione	1	0.6	<u>د</u> م.	-10	371	2																				1	3
COMELEDUC.	roma	, ,	.71	,,,,	- 	,,,		•	٠	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	. 1	
Tables I-1	XIII	:	Zc	or	. 1	anl	kto	on	C	01	le	ct	io	ns	£	ro	m	T	3									
between				_	•															•	•	•	•	•	•	•	.1	.5

Introduction

The current activities of the USC Arctic Project range from taxonomic descriptions of Arctic zooplankton to physiological and biochemical investigations of the adaptations of selected species. In this report we summarize only those activities and findings which are immediately related to the taxonomic contributions of the project.

It is clear to all students of Arctic biology, that much remains to be done. When a present day biologist directs his attention to the Arctic, he is immediately faced with the problems of the identification of the organisms which are found there as well as with the small amount of background information on the biology of the animals which is usually necessary in order to design appropriate experiments. With these two problems in mind, the main thrust of our taxonomic effort has been directed towards the identification of the marine fauna and producing taxonomic guides which will enable any biologist to readily identify Arctic zooplankton. Furthermore, through systematic collections in terms of time and depth, we have been able to carry out additional studies on the biology of selected species which in our estimation contribute significantly to ecology of the Arctic Ocean.

This report covers the period from September 1969 until October 1972.

Taxonomic Guides

To assist other members of this project as well as other scientists interested in Arctic biology, we have prepared a series of practical taxonomic guides to aid in the identification of Arctic zooplankton. Of great help in the production of these guides was the fact that the University of Southern California had been engaged in surveys of the Arctic fauna for almost two decades.

A large amount of taxonomic information was thus already on hand.

The guides have been prepared in such a manner that even the non-specialist can use them readily. They have been published as technical reports entitled "Taxonomic Guides to Arctic Zooplankton", in six separate issues:

Zooplankton (I): Amphipods of the Central Arctic Euphausiids of the Arctic Basin and Peripheral Seas

- Zooplankton (II): Medusae of the Central Arctic Siphonophores of the Central Arctic Ctenophores of the Central Arctic
- Znoplankton (III):Species of the Arctic Ocean Chaetognaths
 Pteropods of the Central Arctic
 Decapods of the Central Arctic
- Zooplankton (IV): Key to the Calanoid Copepods of the Centra Arctic Ocean
- Zooplankton (V): Pelagic Polychaetes of the Central Arctic Basin
- Zooplankton (VI): Appendicularians of the Central Arctic
 Mysids of the Arctic Ocean and
 Confluent Seas
 Field Guide to Arctic Zooplanktonic
 Crustaceans
 Ostracods of the Central Arctic

Complete reference to these guides is available in the list of

contributions (pp. 13-14).

Preparation of these guides required identification of organisms collected earlier in the central Arctic from the ice stations (ARLIS I, II, and T-3) and the nuclear submarines, Sea Dragon and Sea Skate. Scattered collections from peripheral seas made from drifting ice stations and coast guard cutters, Northwind (Sept. 1963), Burton Island (Sept. 1960), and Eastwind (July-August 1967) were also examined. Because material collected from peripheral seas was relatively small, the generalized guides to species in most cases, could only be constructed for central Arctic zooplankton. The guides, however, provide enough information of general nature which is applicable to the principal taxonomic groups and can be useful to scientists who work on zooplankton from the peripheral seas as well.

Each guide consists of dichotomous keys and illustrations of adult zooplankton anatomy. All have been constructed so that very little or no dissection of the specimen is necessary for identification. Pertinent references to the literature dealing specifically with the individual species as well as the taxonomic group have been included in each guide to provide additional information for anyone requiring more detailed information. Furthermore, discussions of taxonomic methods, terminology and discussions in depth on individual species are provided whenever possible.

During the preparation of these guides, established international specialists in the different taxonomic groups have been called upon for comment and advice whenever it was required. We would like to express our gratitude to the following colleagues for their helpful advice.

Dr. A. Buchmann Hamburg, Germany

Appendicularians

A MALE COLOR OF THE ABOUT COMMENTED AND LOSS OF LOSS CANDIDATES AND STREETING TO SERVICE THE SERVICE AND SERVICES.

Dr. B. Frost
Department of Oceanography
University of Washingto.

Dr. J. C. Vaupel von Klein Rijks Museum of Natural History West Germany

Copepods

Copepods

Dr. Cadet Hand Bodega Marine Laboratory Medusae

Dr. G. O. Mackie
University of British Columbia

Medusae

Dr. O. S. Tatersall Great Britain

Mysids

Dr. M. V. Angel
National Institute of Oceanography
Great Britain

Ostracods

Dr. G. B. Deevey
Florida State Museum

Ostracods

Dr. C. W. Hart, Jr.
Academy of Natural Sciences
Pennsylvania

Ostracods

Dr. E. I. Schornikov Academy of Sciences USSR

Ostracods

Dr. K. Fauchald Polychaetes
Hancock Foundation
University of Southern California

Dr. Olga Hartman
Hancock Foundation
University of Southern California

Polychaetes

Dr. John Garth
Hancock Foundation
University of Southern California

The guides were subjected to rigorous evaluation tests in which the principal criteria were accuracy and degree of ease in establishing the identification of the organism. This work has required, not only the examination of hundreds of samples taken throughout the years, but also comprehensive review of the literature of the Arctic fauna as far back as the late 18th century.

The responsibility for coordination and editorial work in the production of the guides was given to Ms. Hester Kobayashi.

Zooplankton Sorting Program

Sampling Method

Sorted under this program were samples collected from Ice Island, T-3, with 1 meter diameter, 215 micrometer mesh, closing nets towed vertically at a uniform rate of 20 meters per minute. Samples were collected from March 1970 to September 1970 by Mr. John Dawson and Mr. Lloyd Ellis, of USC, and from December 1970 to January 1972 by members of the University of Washington T-3 Program under Dr. T. S. English.

The following sampling protocol was used:

March-Se	ept. 1970	December 1970	J-Jan. 1972
Depth (m)	Increments (m)	Depth (m)	Increments (m)
0 to 300	50	0 to 400	25
300 to 900	200	400 to 500	100
900 to 1500	300	500 to 900	200
1500 to 2000	500	900 to 1500	300
		1500 to 2000	500

Sample Processing

The preliminary processing of the collected samples was done under the direction of Mr. John Dawson. Undergraduates were trained to recognize the major groups of zooplankton prominent in the Arctic water column. This function has involved eight undergraduates partially supported under the Federal College Work Study Program.

With the help of these student assistants, samples were completely separated into the following general taxonomic groups and and the numbers of the specimens recorded:

Taxonomic groups

chaetognatha
appendicularia(larvaceans)
nemertina
polychaeta
ctenophora
hydrozoa
scyphozoa
siphonophora
pteropoda
amphipoda
copepoda

The identification of animals to genera and species, only a small portion of which is complete, has been handled by specialists in the USC group. The data have been recorded in special tabulation sheets and arranged for easy retrieval for computer treatment in the future. All samples and data are stored in the Hancock Foundation of the University of Southern California. Tables I-XIII summarize the extent of the sorting work to the present.

Results of the Sorting Program

The sorting program had two principal objectives. First, it was designed to provide additional information of the faunal content of the central Arctic Basin and thereby enable us to produce more complete and accurate taxonomic quides. Second, through the systematic collection at discrete depths with closing nets over a two year period, it was possible to accumulate a wealth of synoptic information on the distribution of zooplankton in time and space over a long period of time. Analysis of this information has now yielded a large amount of information on vertical migrations and life cycles. This information in turn allowed us to select those key species which can serve as models in studying vertical migrations of zooplankton populations as well as those interactions between organisms and the environment which play an important role in the formation and behavior of sonar scattering layers of biological origin. The studies which already have been completed are summarized below.

Vertical Distribution and Life History of the Annelid Pelogobia longicirrata

Pelagobia longicirrata is the most common pelagic polychaete in the central Arctic Basin. It is a cosmopolitan species which is found not only in the Arctic but in deep waters of other oceans as well. Since very little is known about the biology of pelagic polychaetes it was decided to analyse the presence of Pelagobia in our plankton samples in order to study its vertical distribution and life cycle.

The results indicate that the majority of the animals are located between 300 and 500 meters throughout most of the year. The specimens found in this depth range are primarily breeding adults over 13 segments in size. In the spring and summer, the

percentage of animals which are found below 500 meters increases. How yer, most animals found below 500 meters tend to be less than 13 segments in size with the smallest specimens usually associated with the greatest depths. It was also found that the period of the year during which the percentage of animals increases below 500 meters is closely correlated with the breeding season. Our observations suggest that adults spawn between 300 and 500 meters in the spring and that the eggs or larvae, or both descend to depths below 1000 meters. Then as the larvae develop they ascend gradually.

This study was carried out by Mr. Douglas Yingst.

The Growth Cycle and Related Vertical Distribution of the Pteropod, <u>Spiratella helicina</u>, in the Central Arctic Ocean

The mechanisms which give rise to aggregations of plankton communities in the water column are not well understood. However, it is known that a number of factors both of environmental and biological origins can influence the formation and behavior of these aggregations. As an approach to this problem the pteropod S. helicina was selected as a model organism because of its presence in the 50 meter scattering layer in the Arctic, its relative abundance, dependence upon particulate material for food, and ease in recognition. Here we report on a study of its growth cycle and vertical distribution.

The growth and reproductive cycle of <u>S. helicina</u> in the central Arctic Ocean was studied by examining samples collected from along the drift paths of ice stations ARLIS I, II, and T-3. Shell diameters were measured, and gonadal development examined by histological means. Vertical distribution in the water column was also investigated.

S. helicina has an annual life cycle; spawning occurs mainly during the spring and summer months and the oldest animals die by March. Maturation of young into males occurs as the animals reach about 0.7 mm diameter (February-April) and to hermaphrodites by the time they reach about 0.8 mm (May). The young double their size during the months of October to January. This growth rate slows down at the time of sexual maturation and through the major spawning period but picks up again during the fall and winter. Growth and maturation during the winter months suggests that some food must be available to S. helicina during the dark period of the year when phytoplankton is least available.

The analysis of the vertical distribution indicates that the youngest juvenile forms tend to remain predominantly in the first

50 meters interval of the water column (0.2 mm to 0.4 mm), thereafter remaining within the first 100 meters until maturation. Animals larger than 0.9 mm seem to be dispersed in the water column during the peak period of primary productivity and concentrated in the top 100 m when food is less abundant.

This study was carried out by Ms. Hester Kobayashi.

Taxonomy and Distribution of the Arctic Species of <u>Lucicutia</u> (Copepoda: Calanoida)

Analysis of approximately 400 plankton hauls from the Arctic Ocean revealed the presence of Lucicutia polaris Brodsky, L. pseudopolaris Heptner, and L. anomala Brodsky in samples collected in deep waters. The two former species are closely related but differ in morphological and biological characteristics of the adults and juvenile stages. The male of L. anomala is described These species have a wide geographical disfor the first time. tribution in the Arctic Ocean. They inhabit the Arctic bottom water and show different but overlapping ranges of vertical distribution. L. pseudopolaris is most abundant at a depth of about 1500 m; L. polaris preferentially lives at a depth of about 2000 m; and L. anomala is found in waters deeper than 2000 m but is most abundant at depths exceeding 3000 m.

This study was performed by Mr. Julio Vidal and recently appeared in the Bull. So. Calif. Academy of Sciences. 70(1):23-30, 1971.

On the Ostracod Fauna of the Arctic Basin

This study involved the analysis of plankton and underice collections from drift stations ARLIS I, ARLIS II and T-3. Five species of ostracods have been identified, among which, one is new to science and one is a new record in the Arctic Ocean.

Conchoecia borealis maxima is the predominant species in the Basin and is found in collections from the first 1500 meters of the water column.

Conchoecia elegans is found together with <u>C. borealis maxima</u> in collections from the first 750 meters. The Arctic specimens appear larger than those collected at lower latitudes in the Atlantic. On the basis of the variation in sizes, it appears that a taxonomic revision should be considered.

Conchoecia skogsbergi, the 'long form' of the <u>C. rotunda</u> group, is very common in the Antarctic and north Atlantic, but is a new record in the Arctic. This species is similar to the species described by Angel (1968) but the present form is larger. Recent

investigation shows that this species also varies considerably in size at different latitudes, thus requires taxonomic revision too.

A female of a new species of <u>Bathyconchoecia</u> has been collected and is still under study.

Acetabulastoma arcticum, earlier described by Baker and Wong (1968) as Paradoxostoma rostratum, is a parasitic form which infests the amphipods, Gammarus wilkitzkii and Gammaracanthus loricatus. Although other species of gammarids have been examined, these are the only two species infested by Acetabulastoma.

Mr. Yuk maan Leung was assigned to study the ostracods.

Annual Vertical Distribution of <u>Calanus hyperboreus</u> in the Central Arctic Ocean

Calanus hyperboreus is the largest and one of the most abundant copepods in the central Arctic Basin. We have carried out a study of the biology of this copepod with special emphasis on vertical distribution of copepodite stages II through V and of the adult males and females over a two year period.

During the molting sequence from copepodite stage II to adult form, the most rapid growth occurs during July, presumably coinciding with the phytoplankton bloom. Our study of the vertical distribution patterns of the different stages suggest that there are three different types. Copepodite stages II to V show one type which is characterized by an undulating annual vertical migration. For example the maximum concentration of stages II-V copepodites occurs at depths between 300 and 500 meters in winter. During the spring there is a gradual migration towards the surface. At the end of the summer they descend once again gradually to remain at depths of 300 to 500 meters during winter.

Adult females are mainly found at depths of 100 meters in the spring, and as the season progresses they appear to descend at a rate of 50 meters per month. However during the summer they are found everywhere from the surface to a depth of 300 meters. It is thought that the females which migrate downwards in the spring remained there and that those found at the surface are newly molted females. In the fall the population centered at 150 meters. By December, however, they are distributed from near the surface to 450 meters. It is possible that those adult females which were concentrated in the fall at 150 meters remained near the surface during December, and those females found at greater depths are the result of molting from stage V copeccities which are found in deep water in December.

The vertical distribution of adult males centers between 400 and 800 meters and therefore is generally deeper than that of the females. They also differ in that they are only present during the spring and early summer. It is at this time when we found up to 30% of the females gravid.

Careful analysis of the life span of the various stages suggests that in the Arctic Basin <u>C</u>. <u>hyperboreus</u> has a generation length of about three years.

This work was carried out by Mr. John Dawson.

Contributions 1969-1972

Published:

Vidal, J. 1971. Taxonomy and Distribution of the Arctic Species of <u>Lucicutia</u> (Copepoda: Calanoida). Bull. So. Calif. Acad. Sciences. 70(1):23-30.

In preparation:

- Dawson, J. Annual Vertical Distribution of <u>Calanus hyperboreus</u> in the Central Arctic Basin.
- Kobayashi, H. The Growth Cycle and Related Vertical Distribution Spiratella helicina in the Central Arctic Ocean.
- Leung, Y. M. On the Ostracod Fauna of the Arctic Basin.
- Yingst, D. Vertical Distribution and Life History of the Annelid Pelogobia longicirrata.

Technical Reports:

Zooplankton (I): Amphipods of the Central Arctic...J.R. Tencati Euphausiids of the Arctic Basin and Peripheral Seas.....Y.M. Leung

> USC Technical Report 2 (1970) H. Kobayashi, ed.

Zooplankton (II): Medusae of the Central Arctic....W.D. Shirley and Y.M. Leung

Siphonophores of the Central

Arctic.....Y.M. Leung

Ctenophores of the Central

Arctic

USC Techinical Report 3 (1970) H. Kobayashi, ed.

USC Technical Report 5 (1971)

H. Kobayashi, ed.

Zooplankton (V): Pelagic Polychaetes of the Central Arctic Basin.........D.R. Yingst

USC Technical Report 1(1972).

Zooplankton (VI): Appendicularians of the Central

Arctic.....Y.M. Leung

Mysids of the Arctic Ocean and Confluent Seas Field Guide to Arctic Zooplanktonic Crustaceans Ostracods of the Central Arctic

USC Technical Report 2 (1972) H. Kobayashi, ed. Tables I-XIII*: Zooplankton Collections from T-3 between February 27, 1970 and February 2, 1972

* code used in Tables
1=sorted to species
2=partially sorted to
species
3=not sorted to species

The state of the s

		TAFE	TINE	İ	: / /T10#	DESTRUCTION	क्षान्यक्रम अस्ति स	SORTED TO GROUPS NOT SURTED TO	GROUPS CHAETOGNATEA	APPENDICULARIA	
10		E.		E .		<u> </u>		SOR SE	1		
C4D	1:0 30 40 50 70 60 1:0 1:0 1:0 1:0 1:0 1:0 1:0 1:0 1:0 1:	2-27-70 3-3-70 3-3-70 3-9-70 3-10-70 3-12-70 3-13-79 3-15-70 3-17-70 3-17-70	1224 1937 1010 1335 1345 1470 1510 1545 1630 1920 2020 2020 1020 1130 0930 1125 1340 1355 1420 1715 1750 1825 1055 1760 1051 0912 0935 1005 1040 1165 1415 1420 1320 1345 1415 1415 1420 1320 1345 1340 1320 1345 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415 1415	54° 23° 84° 23° 84° 22° 84° 22° 84° 22° 84° 21° 84° 11° 84° 11° 84° 11° 84° 11°	112° 31° 112° 40° 113° 28° 113° 28° 113° 35° 112° 35° 112° 35° 112° 35° 114° 40°	500-410 100-0 50-0 100-50 150-130 200-150 250-702 300-250 500-0 100-50 150-1200 100-50 150-100 1200-100 1200-100 150-100 200-150 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 250-200 150-100 500-150 500-0 100-50 200-150 500-0 100-50 200-150 500-0 100-50 200-150 500-0 100-50 200-150 500-0 100-50 200-150	1525 1537 1580 1730 1715 1683 1565 1680 1660 2087 2197 2190 2075	***************************************	123 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	1 2 3 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	
	190 700 710 770 770		1425 1500 1545 1636 1950			300-250 300-350 500-300 500-300 700-500	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		x x x		•

POLYCHAETA	CTEROPHOPA	HYDROZOA	YOZGHADZOY 2	. Kipipadara	- PTEPOPODA	- AVPHITCOA	COPEPODA (LARGE)	(TTYMS) YED42400	E BECAPUDA	_ EUPHAUSIACEA	- ISOPODA	- YEIDKEK	C OSTRACODA
XXXXXX X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	x x x x	XX XX X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		NAX N KKK KK K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	xxx	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x	Y X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	x	x	х х х		***************************************
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	, x x x	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		777.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4	X X X X	x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X		x		X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X

A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH

New Assessment and the second

18

POLYCHAETA	, CTENOPHORA	. HYDROZOA	SCYPHOZOA	SIPHO::OPHORA	PTEROPODA	ACCHIPODA	COPEPODA (I-ARGE)	COPEPODA (SPALL)	DECAPODA	EUPHJUSIACEA	ISOPODA	HYSIDACEA	OSTINCODA
1 2 3 X	123	1 2 3 X	123	1 2 3	123	123	1 2 3 X	2 2 3 X	1 2 .6	123	123	123	1 2 3
***************************************	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	X		X	x x x x x x		***************************************		x		x		x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X	X		XX XXXXXXXX XXXX XXXXXX	XXX X X X	x x x x x x x	***************************************	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	×		X		X
× × × × × ×	x x	X X X X		X X X X X X	y x y	X X X X	x x x x	3	K		X		, x x x

STATION NUMBER	·А†К	VI N K	iaca Iatitune B.	TION . LONGITUNE W.	COLLANTION 1917 EH	BENTER OF	SORTED TO GROUPS NOT SOFTED TO GROUPS	CHAETOGRATEA	APENDICULARIA
148D 149D 150D 151D 152D	4-22-73	1555 1720 2245 1335 0200- 1105	114° 104	112° 474	700-503 900-700 1200-900 1500-1200 47	1780	x x x x		>
153D 154D 155D 154D 157D 158D 159D	4-26-70 4-27-70	0200- 1105 0200- 1105 2320 2335 2355 0020 0045	84° 17'	112° 29°	48 49 50-0 50-0 100-50 100-50 150-100	1738 1758	x x x x	x	x x x
160D 161D 162D 163D 164D 165D 166D		0115 0115 0210 0920 0950 1025 1100			150-100 200-150 200-150 250-200 250-200 300-250 300-250 500-300		x x x x x x x x	x x x	x
166D 169D 170D 171D 172D 173D 174D 175D	4-29-70 4-30-70	1330 1110 1215 1330 1450 1620 1735 1150	84° 17'	112* 27*	500-300 700-500 700-500 1200-900 1200-900 900-700 900-700 1500-1200	1756 1738	x x x x x x x x		x x
176D 177D 178D	3-2-70	1340 0400- 1630 0400- 1630	84° 16'	112° 29'	1500-1200 47 46	1728	x x	x x	×
179D 180D 181D 182D 183D 184D	5-3-70 5-4-70	2230 2255 2320 2345 0020 0050	84° 14'	112, 22,	50-0 100-50 200-150 150-100 250-200 300-250	1840	X X X X	x x x x	
1850 1860 1870 1880	5~5~70	0250- 2100 0250-43 2100 1130 1230	· 84° 07'	112° 43'	130 500-300 700-500	1850	x x x	x x	
189D 190D 191D 192D 193D 194D	5-7-70 5-8-70 5-11-70	1100 1130 1320 1035 1045 1100	84° 07' 84° 07' 84° 08'	112° 46° 112° 40°	900-700 1200-900 1500-1200 50-0 50-0 100-50	1745 1811	X X X X X	×	x
1950 1960 1970 1980 1990 2000 2010		1115 1135 1200 1220 1245 1310 1340	·		100-50 150-100 200-150 150-100 200-150 250-200 250-200		X X X X X	X X X X X	x x x
202b 203b 204b 205b 206h 207b 208h	5-12-70	1520 1550 1635 1730 1130 1235 1403			\$00-250 30\tau-250 500-300 500-300 700-500 700-500 900-700		X X X X X	X X X X X	z.
2030 2100 2110 2120 2130	5-13-70	1525 1200 1340 1540 1735			900-700 1200-900 1200-900 1500-1200 1500-1200		X X X X X X		z

POLYCEALTA	CTE:)PHOPA	2 SCYPHOZOA	Усонесконет в	PTEROPODA	часашел =	TOPESOCA (EARGE)	T COPERCIA V (SVALI)	DECAPOSA .	. EUPHAUSIACEA	. ISOPOCA	WSIDSCES	. OSTRATODA 3
X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	×	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		XX XX X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	**************************************	×	X X X X		x		X

N. W. Section Se	4	,	,			·	Ţ		_	_	
110		ÐĀ T I:	TIME	1-ATITU'E	LONGITU'R			8	SORTED		~ APPENDICULARIA
1632	28 38 48 56 78 88 98 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 10	6-12-70 6-16-70 6-17-70 6-22-70 6-23-70 6-28-70 7-5-70 7-6-70	1116 1325 1447 0913 1045 1134 1215 1318 1345 1404 1110 1206 1305 1348 1415 1440 1500 1045 1057 1112 1125 1139 1151 1145 1238 1340 1410 1435 1532 1601 1633 1657 1739 1751 1130 1215 120 1215 1215 1215 1215 1215 1216 1216 1216	84° 04° 84° 07° 84° 20° 84° 30° 84° 47°	112° 36° 112° 37° 111° 54° 107° 10° 10° 44°	1200-900 900-700 700-500 500-300 300-250 250-200 200-150 150-100 100-50 50-3 50-0 50-0 50-0 50-0 50-0 50-0	1902 1887 1869 1863	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXX	**************************************	x x x

POLYCHAETA	CTENOPHORA	ANDERSON .	* \$CYPHOZOĀ .	L SIPHOMOPHORA	PTEROPODA	APRIPODA.	COPEPODA (LANGE)	· .coperoda · (snall)	DECAPODA	EUPHAUSTACFA	r Isoroba	vadraisie °	ostracoba
z x x x x x	x x	x x x x x x		x x x x x x x	x x x x	x x x x x	**********	X X X X X X X X	x		x	x	, x
x	x x x	*****************		x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	***** ***** **** **** **** **** ****	**************************************	***************************************	***************************************			x x x x x x	×	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX
x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x		* * * * * * * * * * * * * *		* X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	х х	x x x	x x x x x x x	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	V		Y Y Y		**************************************

(

STATION HUNDER	PATY	Atak	latitude H.	TONGITUNK M.	erollum meso n Disch e st	tionis produt	SORTED TO GNOUPS	NOT BORTED TO GROUPS	CHAETOGRAFIA	A APENDICULARIA
100 TO THE TOE TOE TOE TOE TOE TOE TOE TOE TOE TO	7-24-70 7-28-70 7-29-70 8-4-70 8-4-70 8-19-70 8-29-70 8-29-70 8-30-70 8-30-70 8-31-70 8-31-70	1824 1833 1943 1700 1740 1040 1515 1620 1625 0815 0825 0927 1030 1030 1127 1147 1208 1226 1140 1402 1527 1615 1442 1550 1622 1635 1717 1737 1131 1326 1404 1423 1530 1530 1253 2255 2354 1920 2040 2040 2040 2040 2040 2040 2040 2	84° 38° 84° 29° 84° 27° 84° 22° 84° 24°	106° 51° 106° 53° 106° 59° 106° 34°	200-150 150-100 100-50 50-3 200-100 150-0 500-300 300-250 250-200 250-200 250-150 150-100 150-100 100-50 50-0 50-0 50-0 50-0 50-300 300-255 250-200 200-150 150-100 100-50 50-0 50-300 300-250 250-200 200-150 150-100 100-50 50-0 50-0 50-300 300-250 250-200 200-150 150-100 100-50 50-0 5	1270 1342 1300 1266 1668 1694 1643 1401 1395	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	x	**************************************	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x

þ

- POLYCHAETA	CTEX PHORA	Ambonia	~ \$CYPHO20A.	: SIPHONOPHOMA	FTEROPOSA	APHIPODA	COPEPODA (LAPCE)	F COPEFOCA	→ DECAPODA	EUPHAUSTACEA	i Isopoda	WSIDACEA	C OSTRACOJA
XXXXX XXXXX XXXXXX X X X X X X X X X X	×	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		X	XX XXXX XX XXXX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX	**************************************	x	***************************************			x x x x	•	**************************************
X X X X		x x x		x x x x x x	x x x	x x x x x	X X X	X X X X X X	1				х х х х х х

Commence of the control of the contr

ned the second of the second s

Table VI

STATION NUMBER	DATE	TIME	1.0CA	TION .	COLLECTION	BOTTOM DEPTH	ZD TO GROUPS	T SORTED TO GROUPS	CHAETOGNATHA	APPENDICULARIA
t	-		Eatitude N.	LONGITUDE W.			SORTED	6	123	
123E 124E		2053 2145			250-200 200-150			×		T
125E 126E		2213		l .	150-100			X		ı
1272		2248 2310			100-50 50-0		١.	X		
12 82 1292	9-13-70	1913 2003	84° 51'	99° 38'	50-0	1902		X		1
1302		2035			50-0 50-0			X		1
131E 132E	•	2058 2130	•	l	50-0 50-0		1	X		
133E 133AE	9-20-70	1907	84° 49'	99° 41'	500-300	1945	x	x		
134E		2009 2100			500-300 300-250	l	X X		X į	
134AE 135E		2136 2210			300-250		X		x	1
L35AE		2241		٠.	250-200 250-200		X		X: X	1
136 R		2306 2331			200-150 200-150		X		x	
37E	9-21-70	2353 0023	:		150-100		X X X X X X X X X X		X	
138E	3-22-70	0047		·	150-100 100-50		X		X	
138AE 139E		0107 0129	:		100-50	ļ į	x		x	
39AE		0150		•	50-0 50-0	1 1	X		X	İ
B	12-15-70		85° 11'	96° 34'	10-25 25-50	1500	X	ı	X	
					50-75		X	Į	X X	1
2			·		75-100 100-125		X		X X	
B			85° 12'	069 361	125-150		X X	ı	X	
8			63 12	96° 35'	150-175 175-200		X X X		X X	
03	12-16-70		85° 11'	96° 40'	225-200 250-225	 ,,,,	X	ı	x	1 :
12				30 40	275-250	1611	X X	- 1	X X	1
38					300-275 325-300		X	ı	X X	1
14B 15B					350-325	1 1	X X	ı	X	
68					375-350 400-375		X X		X X	
73 88	12-18-70				500-400 700-500		X		X	
98					900-700	1 1	X X		X X	
19	12-19-70		85° 11'	96° 32'	1200-900 1500-1200	[X X		X X	
23 38	12-27-70	1705	85° 14'	96° 19'	25-10	1593	X	-	x x	
48		2030	·		50-25 75-50		X X	- 1	X Y	
53 68		2040 2100			100-75	i 1	X	- 1	X X	:
78 88		2120			125-100 150-125		X X		X X	
98		2140 2200			175-150 200-175		X X X	- 1	x ,	1 7
0B 1B	12-28-70	2225 2255	85° 15'	96° 16'	225-200		X X X X X X	- 1	X	,
2B		2320			250-225 275-250		X X		X X	,
3B 4B	12-29-70	2350 0025	85* 16'	96° 16'	300-275 325-300	1242	X	- 1	X)
58 68		0100 1355	İ		350-325			- 1	x x	,
7B	•	1435			375-350 400-375		X K	- 1	x X	,
98		1515 1950	j		500-400		ĸ		X	×
ւ	2-24-71	0525	85° 17'	92° 30°	700-500	1650	3	x	X	×
L	2-25-71	0200 0432	85° 16'	92*: 30	1200-887		•	x		L
		0120 0250	Ì		900-700	}	((×
ւ		0410	1	;	700-500 500-400)	(×
		0505 0555			400-375	>	(1		×
	2-28-71	01-08	85° 17'	91° 57'	375-349 350-325	1762			K K	ł
)L		00.51			325-300	ì		1	K	×

- · · · ·

POLYCHAETA	CTENCHION	Acutaron 5	VOZOHOZOV	Anderdichers 5	TENOPODA	. Amileon	COPEPOIA 1 2 3	COPEPODA	vgorvagg 2	EUPHAUSIACEA	Vg04031	N MYBIDACEA	2 OSTRACODA
**************************************	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X		***************************************	*************	***************************************	X	***************************************	x x x x		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	×××	***************************************

STATION NUMBER	Da te	TIME	<i>Lo</i> ctov Latertovk N.	rion Langeture W.	COLLECTION DEUTH	delan Palan	SORTED TO GROUPS	NOT SORTED TO GROUPS	CHAETOGNATHA	1 2	~ APPENDICULARIA
11L 12L 13L 14L 15L 16L 17L 18L 19L 20L 21L 22L 23L 31L 31L 31L 31L 31L 31L 31L 31L 31L 3	3-1-71 3-15-71 3-16-71 3-20-71 3-22-71 3-23-71 3-24-71 4-10-71 4-17-71 5-1-71 5-2-71 5-3-71	0731 0800 0827 0853 0916 0943 1003 1218 1244 1361 1352 1413 0103 0554 0145 0452 0558 0648 0831 0904 0935 1154 1356 0604 0633 0835 0853 0920 0936 0952 1010 1031 1048 1103 0900 0925 1010 1101 1048 1103 1103 11048 1103 1103 11048 1103 1105 1156 1117 1140 1150 1150 1151 1151 1151 1151 1151	85° 29' 85° 29' 85° 23' 85° 24' 85° 30'	91° 55° 89° 11° 88° 51° 	300-275 275-250 250-225 225-201 200-176 175-150 150-125 125-101 100-77 75-50 50-24 25-10 10-0 1500-1205 1200-904 900-701 700-501 500-402 400-378 375-350 350-326 325-301 300-276 276-252 250-226 225-200 200-176 175-150 150-124.5 125-100 100-75 75-50 50-25 25-10 10-0 25-10 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-100 100-75 125-150 200-175 225-200 230-275 335-350 400-375 500-402 700-501 900-701 1200-900 1500-1202 25-10 50-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-225 275-550 100-75 75-50 125-100 50-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 170-100 150-125 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-25 275-250 300-275 325-300 350-325 375-350	2000 2000 2055	XXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	x		XXX XXXXXX XXX XX XX XXXXXX XXXXXXX XXXX	x

-		-
~	٠,٠	7.
~	1.4	٠.

POLYCHAETA	CTEMOPHORA	1 2 3	→ SCYPHOZOA	SIPHONOPHORA	PTEROPODA	. AVPHIPODA	COPEPODA (LANCE)	COPEPODA	t DECAPODA	EUPHAUSIACEA	vaovosi :	NYSIDACEA	1 2 OSTINCODA
X X XXXXXX X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	**************************************		X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	XXX	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*** ***********************************	**************************************	х		×	. X	x x x x x x x

STATION NUMBER	DATE	TIME	LOCA LATITUIE N.	PION RONGTTUDE W.	COLLECTION PRPTH	SUPPLYME SPECTORE	SORTED TO CAOURS NOT SORTED TO	CHAETOGRATHA	N APPENDICULARIA
1'M 17M 18M 19M 20M 21M 1M 24M 3M 4H 5M 6M 7M 8M 9M 10M 11M 15M 16M 17M 16M 17M 18M 17M 18M 19M 19M 20M 21M 19 3P 4P 5P 6P 7P 8P 9P 10P 11P 12P 13P 14P 15P 16P 17P 16P 17P 16P 17P 16P 17P 16P 17P 16P 17P 16P 17P 16P 17P 16P 17P 16P 17P 16P 17P 18P 18P 18P 18P 18P 18P 18P 18P 18P 18	5-21-71 5-22-71 6-8-71 6-9-71	1533 1620 1705 2009 1130 1630 1340 1350 1405 1419 1416 1455 1500 1531 1554 1711 1736 1808 1120 1151 1230 1307 1353 1558 1115 1300 1515 1525 2110 1445 1505 1515 1505 1515 1525 2110 1640 1710 1840 1910 1945 2025 2100 2140	85° 19°	88° 06'	400-375 500-400 700-502 900-702 1200-899 1500-1200 25-10 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-100 150-125 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-225 375-250 300-275 325-300 350-323 375-349 400-374 500-400 700-500 900-700 1200-900 1500-1200 10-0 25-10 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-100 150-125 175-151 200-175 225-200 250-225 275-251 300-275 325-300 350-324 374-349 400-375 500-399 700-500		***************************************	x	x
20P 21P 22P 23P 24P 25P 26P 27P 28P 30P 31T 32T 33T 34T 35T 36Mo 37Mo 37Mo 40Mo 41Mo 42T 43T 44P 44:P	6-10-71 6-22-71 6-23-71 6-23-71 7-6-71	1450 1510 1515 1550 1600 	84° 56° 84° 56°	88° 10' 88° 13'	900-700 1200-900 1500-1198 10-0 25-10 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-99 1/2 150-125 175-150 200-175 225-199 250-224 275-250 300-275 305-299 350-324 1/2 375-349 400-374 1/2 500-402 700-409 900-700 1200-901 1500-1202 2000-1408 10-0	2043	**************************************	и х х х х	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

POLYCHAETA	CTEMOPHORA STILINGWAA	# STPHONOPHORA	FTEROPODA	AWHIPODA	COPEPODA (LANGE)	COPEPODA	DECAMODA	EUPHAUSIACEA	ISONODA	MYSIDACEA	OSTRACODA
			+	12.3				121	123	1 2 1	
**************************************	X	XXXXXXXXXXXX X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X	x x x x x	***************************************		X X X		x xx x x x		NNNXXX X XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

STATION NUMBER	បក់ពីព	Time	n. Iarimu-k Iariai	EONGETUUR EONGETUUR	COESTANTEM DELTH	DECEM PERCENT	FORTED TO GROUPS HOT SORTED TO GROUPS	u Chaetognatha	N APPEIDICULARIA
4,F 44P 50P 51P 52P 53P 55P 56P 55P 56P 56P 66P 66P 66P 66P 66	7-8-71 7-8-71 7-19-71 7-20-71 7-21-71 8-3-71 8-17-71	1435 1446 1335 1400 1425 1440 1505 1525 1600 1617 1700 1630 1930 2006 2042 2125 2235 2350 1435 1640 2205 2210 2220 0657 0711 1326 2352 1408 1427 1447 1305 1330 1403 1435 1512 1550 1625 1700 2010 2010 2015 1345 1350 1640 1700 2015 1345 1350 1640 1700 2015 1345 1350 1640 1700 2015 1345 1350 1640 1700 2015 1345 1350 1640 1700 2015 1345 1350 1640 1700 1845 1350 1640 1700 1845 1350 1640 1700 1845 1350 1640 1700 1845 1350 1640 1700 1845 1350 1640 1700 1845 1350 1640 1700 1845 1350 1640 1700 1845 1930 2000 2035 2115 2246 2316 2316 2316 2316 2316 2316 2316 231	84° 35' 84° 34' 84° 41'	80° 48° 87° 57° 88° 09° 85° 45°	2'-10 50-25 75-50 1/2 100-75 125-100 150-125 1/2 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-224 275-250 300-275 325-300 350-324 375-350 400-375 500-401 700-500 900-700 1200-899 1500-1202 10-0 25-10 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-100 150-125 175-150 200-175 225-200 230-225 275-251 300-275 325-300 350-325 375-350 400-374 500-400 700-499 900-700 1200-898 1500-1200 10-0 25-10 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-100 1500-125 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-224 275-250 330-374 500-401 700-499 900-700 1200-898 1500-1200 10-0 25-10 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-100 1500-125 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-224 275-250 330-374 500-401 700-499 900-700 1200-898 1500-1200 10-0 25-10 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-100 1500-125 175-150 200-175 225-200 250-224 275-250 330-374 500-401 700-499 900-700 1200-898 1500-1202 10-0 25-10 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-199 150-124 175-150	2008 1903 1891 2003	***************************************	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	x x

POLYCHAETA	CTENOPHORA	HYDROZOA	2 SCYPHO20A	1 × 3	PTENOPODA	AUPHIPODA	COPEPODA (LANGE)	COPEPODA (SWALL)	DECAPODA	EUPHANSIACEA	ISOPODA	Vacyotsan	OSTRACODA
								123	127	123	123	1 2 3	1 2 3
x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	123	x x x x x x x x x x		x x x x x x	123	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	1 2 3			123	1 2 3 X X	1 2 3	**************************************
x	•	X X X		X X	•	x x	X X	x x x x x x x	•				X X X X
x			l	x x	į		X.	×				ļ	×
x x x x		x x x x		x x x x x	x x x	' x x x	**************************************	***************************************	×				x x x x x x x x

STATION NUMBER	DATE	THE	LOUA LATITUDE N.	Tion Longitude K.	DEPTH COLLECTION	nen.Mi gral.Dobi	SORTED TO GROUPS NOT SORTED TO GROUPS	T CHAETOGRATHA	N APPENDICULARIA
120F 121P 121P 122F 123F 124F 125F 126F 127F 128F 129F 130F 131P 131P 132F 133P 134F 135P 136P 138P 139P 140P 141P 143P 149P 149P 149P 149P 149P 150P 151P 153P 156T 157T 156T 157T 158P 159P 160P 161P 162P 163P 172P 173P 174P 175P 175P 176P 177P 179P 174P 175P 174P 175P 174P 175P 176P 177P 179P 180P 181E1 187E1	8-19-71 8-31-71 9-13-71 9-14-71 9-14-71 9-28-71	0'-11 0'-48 0'-18 0'-18 0'-18 0-47 0718 0845 0923 1002 1042 1130 0424 0550 0740 0950 1240 1330 1345 1355 1430 1445 1510 1530 1610 1635 1710 1945 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 201	84° 42' 84° 59'	86° 33° 82° 29°	200-17's 225-201 250-224 275-244 300-274 325-300 350-324 375-349 400-373 500-400 700-497 900-699 1200-905 1500-1198 2000-1503 10-0 25-10 50-25 75-49 1/2 100-74 125-99 150-125 175-149 200-175 225-199 1/2 250-224 275-250 300-276 325-300 350-323 375-350 400-375 500-398 700-500 900-700 1200-898 1500-1203 2000-1506 10-0 25-0 50-25 75-50 100-75 125-100 150-125 175-150 200-174 225-199 250-224 275-249 300-275 325-299 350-324 375-351 400-374 500-125 175-150 200-174 225-199 250-224 275-249 300-255 355-299 350-324 375-351 400-374 500-125 175-150 200-175 125-100 150-125 175-150 200-150-125 175-150 200-150-125 175-150 200-175 225-299 350-324 375-351 400-374 500-125 175-150 200-175 225-299 350-324 375-351 400-375 125-100 150-125 175-150 200-175 225-225 275-250	2101	**************************************	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	**************************************

;

POLYCHAETA	CTENOPHORA	HYDROZOA	N SCYPHOZOA	* SIPHOINDPHORA	Austropoda L	AMPHIPODA	COPEPODA L (LARGE)	COPEPOUA COPEPOUA	→ DECAPODA	EUPHAUSIACEA	r ISOPODA	Vacatores .	N OSTRACODA
12 2 3 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	123 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	1	1 2 3	123 XX X X XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	1 2 3 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x		**************************************	×	1 2 3	x x	1 2 3	1 2 3 XXXXXX X X X X X X X X X X X X X X

STATION NUMBER	arri.	TUME	Locat Latiture N.	EONGETUNE W.	COLLECTION DEPTH	१८५४चर स असम्बद्धाः	SORTED TO GROUPS	NOT SORTED TO GROUPS	CHAETOGNATHA	H APPENDICULARIA
1-1321 1-421 1-522 1-522 1	9-2-71 10-15-71 10-15-71 10-17-71 10-27-71 10-28-71 11-18-71	20140 2100 2125 2215 2215 2215 2215 2315 1830 2005 2130 2315 1500 1015 1500 1015 1600 1920 2042 2140 1133 1232 1302 1340 1410 1440 1510 1605 1629 1648 1902 1918 1935 1925 2017 2028 1643 1925 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 193	85° 11' 85° 12'	79° 04° 77° 44°	300-275 325-300 350-325 375-350 400-375 500-400 700-500 900-700 1200-900 1500-1200 2000-1505 1500-1200 1500-1200 1500-1200 1500-1215 1200-900 900-702 700-501 500-402 400-376 375-351 350-325 325-301 300-275 275-250 250-225 225-200 200-175 175-150 150-124 125-100 100-75 75-50 50-24 25-10 10-0 2000-1501 1500-1208 1200-901 900-698 700-500 500-401 400- ? 400- ? 400- 374 375-350 350-325 325-300 306-274 275-250 250-225 225-200 200-175 175-150 150-125 125-100 100-75 75-50 50-24 275-250 250-25 225-200 200-175 175-150 150-125 125-100 100-75 75-50 50-25 25-10 10-0 1500-1201 1200-903 900-703 700-500 500-402 400-376 375-350 350-325 325-300 300-275	2091	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	xxx	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	X

•	POLYCHAETA	CTENOPHORA	HYDPOZOA	- SCTPHOZOA	Votestoravaness:	· PTEROPOUA	N AVPHIPODA	COPEPODA LAPGE)	COPEPODA N (SULL)	≥ SECAPODA	EUPHAUSIACEA	L ISOPODA	- MYSIDACEA	2 OSTRACODA
	x x x x x x		X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		X X X X	x x	x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X				x	x x x x
	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	x x x x x	* ************************************	×	Ϋ́	ł	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	X X X X X X	**************************************			x	x	** ** ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	×××	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		X	x x	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	X			x		x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x

LTATION HIMBER	DATE	TIME:	LATETINR N.	fich Longi Tu de W.	COLLECTION DEPTH	BOTTOM DEPTH	SORTED TO GROUPS NOT SORTED TO	GROUPS CHAETOGEATHA	r ∨ Appendicularia u
11W 11W 11W 11W 11W 11W 11W 11W 11W 11W	11-27-71 11-28-71 1-3-72 1-4-72 1-5-72 1-28-72	1412 1440 1525 1535 1620 1640 1705 1828 1850 1910 1935 1952 2000 2015 2030 0935 1220 1340 1500 1545 1672 1845 1933 2019 2012 32150 2018 1005 1018 1018 1018 1018 1018 1018 1	84° 49° 84° 40° 84° 24°	83° 42° 83° 16° 83° 42° 86° 17°	275-252 275-250 250-225 225-200 200-175 175-150 150-124 125-100 100-75 75-50 50-25 25-0 25-10 10-0 1500-1208 1200-897 900-69€ 700-493 500-401 400-376 375-350 350-324 325-300 300-274 275-250 250-224 225-200 200-176 175-150 150-125 125-100 100-75 75-50 50-25 25-10 100-74 125-100 150-125 175-151 200-172 225-199 250-223 275-245 300-270 325-295 350-319 375-345 400-370 325-295 350-319 375-345 400-370 325-295 350-319 375-345 400-370 325-295 350-319 375-345 400-370 325-295 350-319 375-345 400-370 325-295 350-319 375-345 400-370 325-295 350-319 375-349 190-697 1200-895 1500-125 175-151 200-17-2 175-151 200-17-3 175-151 200-17-5 175-151	1989 1958	**************************************	x	

l l	CTEMOPHORA 2 TYPHOZOA	2 BCYPHO20A	Archtorother 3	PTEROPODA	~ Averteoda	COPEPODA (LARGE)	COPEPODA N (SYALL)	DECAPODA	zwhausiacea	I ISOPODA	" MESIDACEA	≥ OSTRACODA
x	x	***************************************	***************************************	x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	**************************************	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	×		x x x x x x x		X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X

STATIOS MUSER	DATE ·	TJ ME	LOCAT	LONGITURE	PREATE COST BRILLION	POTTOM : EPat	SONTED TO GNOUPS SOT SONTED TO GROUPS	CHAETOGEATHA	→ APPENDICULARIA
357 39R 40R 41R 42E 43R 44R 45R	2-2-72	1410 1444 1515 1550 0930 1028 1350 1535	> •	W.	350-325 1/2 375-348 1/2 400-374 1/2 500-398 700-500 1/2 900-701 1200-902 1500-1205		x x x x x x x	x x x	1 2 3
			· .	·	·				
	,		•	:	·				
			; ·	; ; ;				٠	
	; •				·				
			•	·					
	•		·						

POLYCHAETA	CTENOPHOIM	HYDPOZOA	™ SCYPHOZOA	* SIPHOIOPHORA	2. PTENOPODA	AGRIPODA	COPEPODA	COPEPODA " (SHALL)	n DECAPODA	EUPHAUSTACEA	Adologi w	mrstdacea	□ OSTRACODA
		х х х х		x x x		x x	x x x x x x	x x x x x	x				X X X X X
	•					•			·				
	•												